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Common Data Set Definitions

Declared Majors by Intended Degree

Cornell Undergraduate Majors Offered

A1. Address Information

GENERAL INFORMATION

CORNELL UNIVERSITY Ithaca, NY 14853 (607) 255-2000 WWW Home Page Address: http://www.cornell.edu UNDERGRADUATE ADMISSIONS 410 Thurston Avenue Ithaca, NY 14850 (607) 255-5241 (607) 255-0659 [fax] Undergraduate Admissions Home Page Address: http://admissions.cornell.edu/ E-mail Address: admissions@cornell.edu Freshman Admissions Application http://admissions.cornell.edu/apply **GRADUATE ADMISSIONS** Graduate School Cornell University PO Box 305 Ithaca, NY 14851-0305 (607) 255-4884 E-mail Address: gradadmissions@cornell.edu Graduate School Home Page Address: http://www.gradschool.cornell.edu/ **A2.** Source of institutional control (check one only) Public Private (nonprofit) ☐ Proprietary A3. Classify your undergraduate institution: Coeducational college Men's college ☐ Women's college A4. Academic year calendar Semester $\prod 4-1-4$ Quarter Continuous Trimester Differs by program (describe): Other (describe): A5. Degrees offered by your institution Certificate Postbachelor's certificate Diploma Master's Associate Post-master's certificate Transfer □ Doctoral First professional Terminal Bachelor's First professional certificate

B. ENROLLMENT AND PERSISTENCE

B1. Institutional Enrollment—Men and Women Provide numbers of students for each of the following categories as of the institution's official fall reporting date or as of October 15, 2007.

	FULI	TIME	PART	T-TIME
	Men	Women	Men	Women
Undergraduates				
Degree-seeking, first-time freshmen	1,556	1,454	0	0
Other first-year, degree- seeking	20	26	0	0
All other degree-seeking	5,297	5,102	0	0
Total degree-seeking	6,873	6,582	0	0
All other undergraduates enrolled in credit courses	24	31	0	0
Total undergraduates	6,897	6,613	0	0
First-professional				
First-time, first-professional students	130	168	0	0
All other first-professionals	239	378	0	0
Total first-professional	369	546	0	0
Graduate				
Degree-seeking, first-time	1,281	765	0	0
All other degree-seeking	1,982	1,342	0	0
All other graduates enrolled in credit courses	3	2	0	0
Total graduate	3,266	2,109	0	0

Total all undergraduates:	13,510
Total all graduate and professi	ional students:6,290
GRAND TOTAL ALL STUD	FNTS: 19 800

B2. Enrollment by Racial/Ethnic Category. Provide numbers of undergraduate students for each of the following categories as of the institution's official fall reporting date or as of October 15, 2007. Include international students only in the category "Nonresident aliens." Complete the "Total Undergraduates" column only if you cannot provide data for the first two columns.

	Degree-seeking First-time First year	Degree-seeking Undergraduates (include first-time first-year)	Total Undergraduates (both degree- and non- degree-seeking)
Nonresident aliens	279	1028	1073
Black, non-Hispanic	167	712	712
American Indian or Alaska Native	16	69	69
Asian or Pacific Islander	477	2189	2191
Hispanic	173	748	748
White, non-Hispanic	1278	6714	6716
Race/ethnicity unknown	620	1995	2001
Total	3010	13455	13510

Persistence

B3. Number of degrees awarded by your institution from July 1, 2006, to June 30, 2007.

Certificate/diploma	
Associate degrees	
Bachelor's degrees	3,467
Postbachelor's certificates	
Master's degrees	1,701
Post-master's certificates	
Doctoral degrees	485
First professional degrees	267
First professional certificates	

Graduation Rates

preceding fall 2000.

The items in this section correspond to data elements collected by the IPEDS Web-based Data Collection System's Graduation Rate Survey (GRS). For complete instructions and definitions of data elements, see the IPEDS GRS instructions and glossary on the 2007 Web-based survey.

For Bachelor's or Equivalent Programs

Please provide data for the fall 2001 cohort if available. If fall 2001 cohort data are not available, provide data for the fall 2000 cohort.

Report for the cohort of full-time first-time bachelor's (or equivalent) degree-seeking undergraduate students who entered in fall 2000. Include in the cohort those who entered your institution during the summer term

Fall 2000 Cohort

B4. Initial **2000** cohort of first-time, full-time bachelor's (or equivalent) degree-seeking undergraduate students; total all students: _____

Fall 2001 Cohort

Report for the cohort of full-time first-time bachelor's (or equivalent) degree-seeking undergraduate students who entered in fall 2001. Include in the cohort those who entered your institution during the summer term preceding fall 2001.

B4.	Initial 2001 c	ohort of	first-time,	full-time bachelor	' S
(or e	quivalent) deg	ree-seek	ing under	graduate students;	
total	all students:	2986			

B5. Of the initial 2000 cohort, how many did not persist and did not graduate for the following reasons: death, permanent disability, or service in the armed forces, foreign aid service of the federal government, or official church missions; total allowable exclusions:	B5. Of the initial 2001 cohort, how many did not persist and did not graduate for the following reasons: death, permanent disability, or service in the armed forces, foreign aid service of the federal government, or official church missions; total allowable exclusions: 1
B6. Final 2000 cohort, after adjusting for allowable exclusions: (Subtract question B5 from question B4)	B6. Final 2001 cohort, after adjusting for allowable exclusions:2985 (Subtract question B5 from question B4)
B7. Of the initial 2000 cohort, how many completed the program in four years or less (by August 31, 2004):	B7. Of the initial 2001 cohort, how many completed the program in four years or less (by August 31, 2005): 2522
B8 . Of the initial 2000 cohort, how many completed the program in more than four years but in five years or less (after August 31, 2004 and by August 31, 2005):	B8 . Of the initial 2001 cohort, how many completed the program in more than four years but in five years or less (after August 31, 2005 and by August 31, 2006): 185
B9. Of the initial 2000 cohort, how many completed the program in more than five years but in six years or less (after August 31, 2005 and by August 31, 2006):	B9. Of the initial 2001 cohort, how many completed the program in more than five years but in six years or less (after August 31, 2006 and by August 31, 2007): 27
B10 . Total graduating within six years (sum of questions B7, B8, and B9):	B10 . Total graduating within six years (sum of questions B7, B8, and B9):2734
B11. Six-year graduation rate for 2000 cohort (question B10 divided by question B6): %	B11. Six-year graduation rate for 2001 cohort (question B10 divided by question B6):92 %
For Two-Y	ear Institutions
Please provide data for the 2004 cohort if available. If 2004	cohort data are not available, provide data for the 2003 cohort.
<u>2003 Cohort</u>	<u>2004 Cohort</u>
B12 . Initial 2003 cohort, total of first-time, full-time degree/certificate-seeking students:	B12. Initial 2004 cohort, total of first-time, full-time degree/certificate-seeking students:
B13. Of the initial 2003 cohort, how many did not persist and did not graduate for the following reasons: death, permanently disability, or service in the armed forces, foreign aid service of the federal government, or official church missions; total allowable exclusions:	B13. Of the initial 2004 cohort, how many did not persist and did not graduate for the following reasons: death, permanently disability, or service in the armed forces, foreign aid service of the federal government, or official church missions; total allowable exclusions:
B14. Final 2003 cohort, after adjusting for allowable exclusions(Subtract question B13 from question B12)	B14. Final 2004 cohort, after adjusting for allowable exclusions(Subtract question B13 from question B12)
B15. Completers of programs of less than two years duration (total):	B15. Completers of programs of less than two years duration (total):
B16. Completers of programs of less than two years	B16. Completers of programs of less than two years

within 150 percent of normal time:	within 150 percent of normal time:
B17. Completers of programs of at least two but less than four years (total):	B17. Completers of programs of at least two but less than four years (total):
B18. Completers of programs of at least two but less than four-years within 150 percent of normal time:	B18. Completers of programs of at least two but less than four-years within 150 percent of normal time:
B19. Total transfers-out (within three years) to other institutions:	B19. Total transfers-out (within three years) to other institutions:
B20. Total transfers to two-year institutions:	B20. Total transfers to two-year institutions:
B21. Total transfers to four-year institutions:	B21. Total transfers to four-year institutions:

Retention Rates

Report for the cohort of all full-time, first-time bachelor's (or equivalent) degree-seeking undergraduate students who entered in fall 2006 (or the preceding summer term). The initial cohort may be adjusted for students who departed for the following reasons: death, permanent disability, or service in the armed forces, foreign aid service of the federal government or official church missions. No other adjustments to the initial cohort should be made.

B22. For the cohort of all full-time bachelor's (or equivalent) degree-seeking undergraduate students who entered your institution as freshmen in fall 2006 (or the preceding summer term), what percentage was enrolled at your institution as of the date your institution calculates its official enrollment in fall 2007? ____96______%

C. FIRST-TIME, FIRST-YEAR (FRESHMAN) ADMISSION

Applications C1. First-time, first-year (freshman) students: Provide the number of applied, were admitted, and enrolled (full- or part-time) in fall 200 who began studies during summer in this cohort. Applicants should requirements for consideration for admission (i.e., who completed of one of the following actions: admission, non-admission, placem applicant or institution). Admitted applicants should include wait-ladmission.	O7. Include early decision, early action, and students ld include only those students who fulfilled the l actionable applications) and who have been notified ment on waiting list, or application withdrawn (by
Total first-time, first-year (freshman) men who applied Total first-time, first-year (freshman) women who applied	15,823 14,560
Total first-time, first-year (freshman) men who were admitted Total first-time, first-year (freshman) women who were admitted	3,375 3,128
Total full-time, first-time, first-year (freshman) men who enrolled Total part-time, first-time, first-year (freshman) men who enrolled	
Total full-time, first-time, first-year (freshman) women who enroll Total part-time, first-time, first-year (freshman) women who enroll	
C2. Freshman wait-listed students (students who met admission recontingent on space availability) Do you have a policy of placing students on a waiting list? Y If yes, please answer the questions below for fall 2007 admissions:	Yes □ No
Number of qualified applicants offered a place on waiting list Number accepting a place on the waiting list Number of wait-listed students admitted 279	976
Is your waiting list ranked? If yes, do you release that information to students?	
Do you release that information to school counselors? Admission Requirements C3. High school completion requirement Check the appropriate box to identify your high school completion High school diploma is required and GED is accepted High school diploma is required and GED is not accepted High school diploma or equivalent is not required	on requirement for degree-seeking entering students:
C4. Does your institution require or recommend a general college-	-preparatory program for degree-seeking students?

C5. Distribution of high school units required and/or recommended. Specify the distribution of academic high school course units required and/or recommended of all or most degree-seeking students using Carnegie units (one unit equals one year of study or its equivalent). If you use a different system for calculating units, please convert.

	Units Required	Units Recommended
Total academic units	16	
English	4	
Mathematics	3	
Science		3
Of these, units that must be lab		3
Foreign language		3
Social studies		3
History		3
Academic electives		
Computer Science		
Visual/Performing Arts		
Other (specify)		

Basis for Selection

C6. Do you have an open admission policy, under which virtually all secondary school graduates or students with GED equivalency diplomas are admitted without regard to academic record, test scores, or other qualifications? If so, check which applies:

Open admission policy as described above for all students _NO
Open admission policy as described above for most students, but
selective admission for out-of-state students _NO
selective admission to some programs NO
other (explain)

C7. Relative importance of each of the following academic and nonacademic factors in your first-time, first-vear,

	Very Im	portant Imp	ortant Co	onsidered I	Not Considered
Academic	_	_	_	_	_
Rigor of secondary school record	\trianglerighteq			\sqcup	Ц
Class rank	<u>_</u>		$\underline{\underline{\lambda}}$		
Academic GPA					
Standardized test scores	×		╛		
Application Essay	\trianglerighteq		╛		Ц
Recommendation	\succeq				
Nonacademic		-	_		
Interview	<u>_</u>]	_	\boxtimes	Ц
Extracurricular activities	\trianglerighteq				
Talent/ability					
Character/personal qualities]		\boxtimes	
First generation				\boxtimes	
Alumni/ae relation	Ĺ		_		Ц
Geographical residence	Ĺ		_	\boxtimes	
State residency]	╛		
Religious affiliation/commitment]	╛		\boxtimes
Racial/ethnic status			╛	\boxtimes	
Volunteer work	<u>_</u>]	╛	\boxtimes	
Work experience]	╡	\bowtie	
Level of applicant's interest		J			\boxtimes
SAT and ACT Policies C8. Entrance exams	SATE ACT. GAR				Ci.
A. Does your institution make use of a degree-seeking applicants? X		Subject Test scores in	admission decision	ns for first-time,	first-year,
If yes, place check marks in the appro Fall 2009.	priate boxes below	to reflect your institut	ion's policies for us	e in admission f	or
	Require Reco	ADMISSIO Require f		f Not Used	
		Some	Submitted		
SAT or ACT	\boxtimes				
ACT only					
SAT only					
SAT and SAT Subject Tests or					
ACT					
SAT Subject Tests	Ш		Ц	Ш	
B. If your institution will make use of fall 2009, please indicate which ONE admissions process):					
X_ ACT with Writing component recACT with Writing component recACT with or without Writing component without Writing component recACT with or without Writing component recACT with or without Writing component recACT with or without Writing component recACT with writing component recACT writing rec	ommended.				

C. I	Please indicate how your in	stitution will use the	SAT or ACT essay	component; check all that apply.	
	For admission				
	For placement				
	For advising				
	In place of an application				
	As a validity check on th				
	No college policy as of n				
X	Not using essay compone	ent			
D. 1	n addition, does your instit		test scores for acade	emic advising?	
	yes n	0			
Ε.	Latest date by wh	ich SAT or ACT sco	res must be received	l for fall-term admissionJanua	ry
	Latest date by which SAT	Subject Test scores	must be received for	r fall-term admission _January	
F.				s are recommended for some stud	ents, or if tests are
	not required of some stude admissions.cornell.edu_	ents):Some prog	rams do not requir	e Subject Tests. Please consult	
	aumssions.cornen.euu_				
G.	Please indicate which test	ts your institution use	es for placement (e.	g., state tests):	
	SAT \square				
	ACT				
	SAT Subject Tests				
	AP				
	CLEP				
	Institutional Exam				
	State Exam (specify):				
Fre	eshman Profile				
				part-time, first-time, first-year	
			studies during sum	mer, international students/nonres	sident aliens, and
stuc	lents admitted under specia	al arrangements.			
~	D 4 1 1 6	e• 4.4• e• 4	(6 1) (1	4 11 6 11 2007 1	
				nts enrolled in fall 2007 who sub	
				enrolled, degree-seeking, first-tin	· ·
				al test scores (e.g., mathematics s esults (such as TOEFL) in this ite	
	Γ scores to ACT scores and		i standardized test i	esuits (such as TOEFE) in this ite	iii. Do not convert
			red at or below: the	75th percentile score is the one th	at 25 percent scored
1 110	at or above.	e that 25 percent seon	rea at or below, the	75th percentile score is the one th	at 23 percent scored
		0.50	,		2022
	Percent submitting SAT s			Number submitting SAT scores	2933
	Percent submitting ACT s	scores _21%_	I	Number submitting ACT scores	_643
		25th Percentile	75th Percentile		
	SAT Critical Reading	630	770		
	SAT Math	660	730		
	SAT Writing				
	SAT Essay				
	ACT Composite	28	32	7	

Percent of first-time, first-year (freshman) students with scores in each range:

ACT Math
ACT English
ACT Writing

	SAT Critical Reading	SAT Math	SAT Writing
700-800	42%	59%	
600-699	45%	33%	
500-599	12%	7%	
400-499	1%		
300-399			
200-299			
	100%	100%	100%

	ACT	ACT English	ACT Math
	Composite		
30-36	12%		
24-29	8%		
18-23	1%		
12-17			
6-11			
Below 6			
	100%	100%	100%

C10. Percent of all degree-seeking, first-time, first each of the following ranges (report informatinformation).				
Percent in top tenth of high school graduating cl Percent in top quarter of high school graduating Percent in top half of high school graduating cla Percent in bottom half of high school graduating Percent in bottom quarter of high school graduat Percent of total first-time, first-year (freshman) school	class ss class ting class		,	p half + bottom half = 100%. igh school class rank:
C11. Percentage of all enrolled, degree-seeking, fit point averages within each of the following rafrom whom you collected high school GPA.		-		
Percent who had GPA of 3.75 and higher Percent who had GPA between 3.50 and 3.74 Percent who had GPA between 3.25 and 3.49 Percent who had GPA between 3.00 and 3.24				
Percent who had GPA between 2.50 and 2.99 Percent who had GPA between 2.0 and 2.49				
Percent who had GPA between 1.0 and 1.99 Percent who had GPA below 1.0	100%			
C12. Average high school GPA of all degree-seeki ——— Percent of total first-time, first-year (freshman) s Admission Policies C13. Application fee			-	
Does your institution have an application fee?			Yes	□No
Amount of application fee: \$65.00 Can it be waived for applicants with financial ne	eed?		Yes	□No
If you have an application fee and an on-line appl Same fee: _\$65 Free: Reduced:	ication (option, ple	ease in	dicate policy for students who apply on-line:
Can on-line application fee be waived for applican	nts with	financial	need?	Yes
C14. Application closing date				
Does your institution have an application closing Application closing date (fall): <u>January 1</u> Priority date:	g date?		Yes	□No
C15. Are first-time, first-year students accepted for	or terms	other tha	n the	fall? ☐ Yes ☒ No
C16. Notification to applicants of admission decision	ion sent	(fill in one	only)	
On a rolling basis beginning (date): By (date): <u>Early April</u> Other:	_			

C17. Reply policy for admitted applicants (fill in one only)
Must reply by (date):
No set date: Must reply by May 1 or within _TWO (2)_ weeks if notified thereafter
Other:
Deadline for housing deposit (application) (MMDD): _May 1_for freshmen, July 15 for transfer students Amount of housing deposit (one time fee):none Refundable if student does not enroll? Yes, in full Yes, in part No
C18. Deferred admission: Does your institution allow students to postpone enrollment after admission? ☑ Yes ☐ No If yes, maximum period of postponement:
C19. Early admission of high school students: Does your institution allow high school students to enroll as full-time, first-time, first-year (freshman) students one year or more before high school graduation? ☐ Yes ☐ No
C20. Common Application: Question removed from CDS. (Initiated during 2006-2007 cycle)
Early Decision and Early Action Plans
C21. Early decision: Does your institution offer an early decision plan (an admission plan that permits students to apply and be notified of an admission decision well in advance of the regular notification date and that asks students to commit to attending if accepted) for first-time, first-year (freshman) applicants for fall enrollment? Yes No
If "yes," please complete the following:
First or only early decision plan closing date First or only early decision plan notification date
Other early decision plan closing date Other early decision plan notification date
For the Fall 2007 entering class:
Number of early decision applications received by your institution3,015 Number of applicants admitted under early decision plan1,101
Please provide significant details about your early decision plan:
C22. Early action: Do you have a nonbinding early action plan whereby students are notified of an admission decision well
in advance of the regular notification date but do not have to commit to attending your college?
☐ Yes ⊠No
If "yes," please complete the following:
Early action notification date Early action notification date
Is your early action plan a "restrictive" plan under which you limit students from applying to other early plans?
□ Yes □ No

D. TRANSFER ADMISSION

D2.	2007.	Applicants	nts who applied, were ac			ng transfer student	s in ran
	Men	1,459	406	305			
	Women	1,157	362	266			
	Total	2,616	768	571			
	⊠ Fall	☐ Winter		Summer			
D.	·	No is the minimum	number of credits and th	e unit of measur	re?	y as an entering fre	shman?
D5.	If yes, what	No is the minimum	number of credits and the ftransfer students to app	e unit of measur ly for admission Recommended	Recommended	Required of	shman? Not required
D5.	If yes, what	No is the minimum items required of	number of credits and the fransfer students to app Required of All	e unit of measur	e?		
D5.	If yes, what Indicate all	No is the minimum items required of	number of credits and the fransfer students to app Required of All X	e unit of measur ly for admission Recommended	Recommended	Required of	
D5.	If yes, what Indicate all i	No is the minimum items required of ol transcript anscript(s)	number of credits and the fransfer students to app Required of All X X	e unit of measur ly for admission Recommended	Recommended	Required of	
D5.	If yes, what Indicate all i	No is the minimum items required of	number of credits and the fransfer students to app Required of All X X	e unit of measur ly for admission Recommended	Recommended	Required of	
D5.	High school College transparence Essay or p	No is the minimum items required of ol transcript anscript(s)	number of credits and the fransfer students to app Required of All X X	e unit of measur ly for admission Recommended	Recommended	Required of Some	
D5.	High school College transparent Essay or p Interview Standardiz Statement	No is the minimum items required of ol transcript anscript(s) ersonal statemen and test scores of good standing	number of credits and the faransfer students to app Required of All X X X X X X X X X X X X X X X X X X	e unit of measur ly for admission Recommended of All	Recommended	Required of Some	
D5.	High school College transparent Essay or p Interview Standardiz Statement	No is the minimum items required of ol transcript anscript(s) ersonal statemen and test scores	number of credits and the faransfer students to app Required of All X X X X X X X X X X X X X X X X X X	e unit of measur ly for admission Recommended of All	Recommended of Some	Required of Some	

D9. List application priority, closing, notification, and candidate reply dates for transfer students. If applications are reviewed on a continuous or rolling basis, place a check mark in the "Rolling admission" column.

	Priority Date	Closing Date	Notification Date	Reply Date	Rolling Admission
Fall		March 15	rolling till June 15	June 1	X
Winter					
Spring		November 1	rolling till Dec	January 9	X
Summer				_	

D10. Does an open admission policy, if reported, apply to transfer students? Yes No
D11. Describe additional requirements for transfer admission, if applicable: See D9 above – varies by college/program
Transfer Credit Policies
D12. Report the lowest grade earned for any course that may be transferred for credit: _'C' - varies by program
D13. Maximum number of credits or courses that may be transferred from a two-year institution: Number 45-60 Unit type credit hours
D14 . Maximum number of credits or courses that may be transferred from a four-year institution: Number 45-60 Unit type credit hours
D15. Minimum number of credits that transfers must complete at your institution to earn an associate degree:NA
D16. Minimum number of credits that transfers must complete at your institution to earn a bachelor's degree: : 60-75 credit must be completed at the university in order to receive degree – varies by college
D17. Describe other transfer credit policies: Varies by college, see D8 above

E. ACADEMIC OFFERINGS AND POLICIES

E1. Special study options: Identify those programs	available at your institution.	Refer to the glossary fo	r definitions.
 ☒ Accelerated program ☒ Cooperative education program ☒ Cross-registration ☒ Distance learning - LIMITED ☒ Double major ☐ Dual enrollment ☒ English as a Second Language (ESL) ☒ Exchange student program (domestic) ☐ External degree program ☒ Other (specify): Undergraduate research program 	 ☒ Honors program ☒ Independent study ☒ Internships ☒ Liberal arts/career con ☒ Student-designed majo ☒ Study abroad ☒ Teacher certification p ☒ Weekend college 	or	
E2. Has been removed from the CDS.			
E3. Areas in which all or most students are requi	red to complete some course	work prior to gradu	ation:
Foreign languages History Other (describe): Library Collections: The CDS publishers will coll	☐ Humanities ☐ Mathematics ☐ Philosophy ☐ Sciences (biological or phy ☐ Social science		raries Survey is in
place.	. STUDENT LIFE		
F1. Percentages of first-time, first-year (freshman 2007 who fit the following categories:	n) students and all degree-se F	irst-time, first-year	s enrolled in fall Undergraduates
Percent who are from out of state (exclude inter- aliens from the numerator and denominator) Percent of men who join fraternities Percent of women who join sororities Percent who live in college-owned, -operated, o Percent who live off campus or commute Percent of students age 25 and older Average age of full-time students Average age of all students (full- and part-time)	national/nonresident r -affiliated housing	_65% 0% 0% 100% 0% 0% 18 na	62%

F2.	. Activities offered Identify those programs available at your institution.				
	 ☐ Campus Ministries ☐ Choral groups ☐ Concert band ☐ Dance ☐ Drama/theater ☐ International Student Organization 	 ☑Literary magazine ☑Marching band ☑ Model UN ☑ Music ensembles ☑ Musical theater ☐ Opera 	 ☐ Radio station ☐ Student government ☐ Student newspaper ☐ Student-run film society ☐ Symphony orchestra ☐ Television station 		
	∑Jazz band				
F3.	ROTC (program offered in cool Army ROTC is offered: On campus At cooperating institut	•	officers' Training Corps)		
	Naval ROTC is offered: On campus At cooperating institut	tion (name):			
	Air Force ROTC is offered: On campus At cooperating institut	tion (name):			
F4.	Housing: Check all types of coinstitution.	llege-owned, -operated,	or -affiliated housing available for undergraduates at your		
	International Living Cent	Spect Spect Spect Students Students Specify): Ecology Houser; Ujamaa Residential Co; Multi-cultural Living Living Center; Transfer	rial housing for disabled students rial housing for international students ernity/sorority housing perative housing see: JAM (Just about Music); Language House; College (Third World house); Risley Residential College Learning Unit; Akwe:Kon (Native American & Non-Center. See		

G. ANNUAL EXPENSES

Provide 2008-2009 academic year costs of attendance for the following categories that are applicable to your institution.

\boxtimes	Check here if your institution's 2008-2009 academic year costs of attendance are not available at this time and provide
	an approximate date (i.e., month/day) when your institution's final 2008-2009 academic year costs of attendance will be
	available: _May 2008

G1. Undergraduate full-time tuition, required fees, room and board

List the typical tuition, required fees, and room and board for a full-time undergraduate student for the FULL 2008-2009 academic year (30 semester hours or 45 quarter hours for institutions that derive annual tuition by multiplying credit hour cost by number of credits). A full academic year refers to the period of time generally extending from September to June; usually equated to two semesters, two trimesters, three quarters, or the period covered by a four-one-four plan. Room and board is defined as double occupancy and 19 meals per week or the maximum meal plan. **Required fees** include only charges that all full-time students must pay that are *not* included in tuition (e.g., registration, health, or activity fees.) Do *not* include optional fees (e.g., parking, laboratory use).

	FIRST-YEAR	UNDERGRADUATES
PRIVATE INSTITUTION	\$34,600	\$34,600
Tuition:		
PUBLIC INSTITUTION		
Tuition:		
In-district:		
In-state (out-of-district):		
Out-of-state:		
NONRESIDENT ALIEN:		
Tuition:		
REQUIRED FEES:	\$181	\$181
ROOM AND BOARD:	\$11,190	\$11,190
(on-campus)		
ROOM ONLY:	\$6,680	\$6,680
(on-campus)		,
BOARD ONLY:	\$4,510	\$4,510
(on-campus meal plan)		·

Contract Colleges				
	Resident	Non-Resident		
	(NY state)	(entering)		
Tuition	\$19,110	\$33,500		
Fees	\$181	\$181		
Total	\$19,241	\$33,681		

NOTE:

Contract Colleges: Agriculture & Life Sciences, Human Ecology, Industrial & Labor Relations.

Comprehensive tuition and room and board fee (if your college cannot provide separate tuition and room and board
ees):
Other:

G2. Number of credits per term a student can take for the stated full-time tuition	minimu	mmaximum
G3. Do tuition and fees vary by year of study (e.g., sophomore, junior, senior)?	Yes	⊠ No
G4. If tuition and fees vary by undergraduate instructional program, describe briefly:		

G5. Provide the estimated expenses for a typical full-time undergraduate student:

	Residents	Commuters (living at home)	Commuters (not living at home)
Books and supplies:	\$720	\$720	\$720
Room only:			\$6,680
Board only:		\$4,510	\$4,510
Transportation:	varies	varies	varies
Other expenses:	\$1,460	\$1,460	\$1,460

${\bf G6.\ Undergraduate\ per-credit-hour\ charges\ (tuition\ only):}$

PRIVATE INSTITUTIONS:	
PUBLIC INSTITUTIONS In-district:	
In-state (out-of-district):	
Out-of-state:	
NONRESIDENT ALIENS:	

H. FINANCIAL AID

Please refer to the following financial aid definitions when completing Section H.

Awarded aid: The dollar amounts offered to financial aid applicants.

Financial aid applicant: Any applicant who submits **any one of** the institutionally required financial aid applications/forms, such as the FAFSA.

Indebtedness: Aggregate dollar amount borrowed through any loan program (federal, state, subsidized, unsubsidized, private, etc.; excluding parent loans) while the student was enrolled at an institution. Student loans co-signed by a parent are assumed to be the responsibility of the student and **should** be included.

Institutional scholarships and grants: Endowed scholarships, annual gifts and tuition funded grants for which the institution determines the recipient.

Financial need: As determined by your institution using the federal methodology and/or your institution's own standards.

Need-based aid: College-funded or college-administered award from institutional, state, federal, or other sources for which a student must have financial need to qualify. This includes both institutional and noninstitutional student aid (grants, jobs, and loans).

Need-based scholarship or grant aid: Scholarships and grants from institutional, state, federal, or other sources for which a student must have financial need to qualify.

Need-based self-help aid: Loans and jobs from institutional, state, federal, or other sources for which a student must demonstrate financial need to qualify.

Non-need-based scholarship or grant aid: Scholarships and grants, gifts, or merit-based aid from institutional, state, federal, or other sources (including unrestricted funds or gifts and endowment income) awarded solely on the basis of academic achievement, merit, or any other non-need-based reason. When reporting questions H1 and H2, non-need-based aid that is used to meet need should be counted as need-based aid.

Note: Suggested order of precedence for counting non-need money as need-based:

Non-need institutional grants

Non-need tuition waivers

Non-need athletic awards

Non-need federal grants

Non-need state grants

Non-need outside grants

Non-need student loans

Non-need parent loans

Non-need work

Non-need-based self-help aid: Loans and jobs from institutional, state, or other sources for which a student need not demonstrate financial need to qualify.

External scholarships and grants: Scholarships and grants received from outside (private) sources that students bring with them (e.g., Kiwanis, National Merit scholarships). The institution may process paperwork to receive the dollars, but it has no role in determining the recipient or the dollar amount awarded.

Work study and employment: Federal and state work study aid, and any employment packaged by your institution in financial aid awards.

Aid Awarded to Enrolled Undergraduates

H1. Enter total dollar amounts awarded to enrolled full-time and less than full-time degree-seeking undergraduates (using the same cohort reported in CDS Question B1, "total degree-seeking" undergraduates) in the following categories. (Note: If the data being reported are final figures for the 2006-2007 academic year (see the next item below), use the 2006-2007 academic year's CDS Question B1 cohort.) Include aid awarded to international students (i.e., those not qualifying for federal aid). Aid that is non-need-based but that was used to meet need should be reported in the need-based aid column. (For a suggested order of precedence in assigning categories of aid to cover need, see the entry for "non-need-based scholarship or grant aid" on the last page of the definitions section.)

Indicate the academic year for which data are reported for items H1 , H2 , H2A , and H6 below: $2007\text{-}2008$ estimated or $2006\text{-}2007$ final	
Which needs-analysis methodology does your institution use in awarding institutional aid? (Formerly H3 Federal methodology (FM)	3)
Pederal incurouology (TM) Both FM and IM	

	NT 11 1
Need-based	Non-need-based
`	(Exclude non-need-based aid use to meet need.)
\$	\$
·	
10,301,379	
5,474,542	
101,412,060	
6,842,761	
124,030,742	
40,399,698	
8,113,648	
2,211,708	
50,725,054	
8,189,656	
	10,301,379 5,474,542 101,412,060 6,842,761 124,030,742 40,399,698 8,113,648 2,211,708 50,725,054

H2. Number of Enrolled Students Awarded Aid: List the number of degree-seeking full-time and less-than-full-time undergraduates who applied for and were awarded financial aid from any source. Aid that is non-need-based but that was used to meet need should be counted as need-based aid. Numbers should reflect the cohort awarded the dollars reported in H1. Note: In the chart below, students may be counted in more than one row, and full-time freshmen should also be counted as full-time undergraduates.

	aiso oc counted as fun-time undergraduates.	First-time Full-time Freshmen	Full-time Undergrad (Incl. Fresh)	Less Than Full-time Undergrad
a)	Number of degree-seeking undergraduate students (CDS Item B1 if reporting on Fall 2007 cohort)	3,010	13,510	NA
b)	Number of students in line a who applied for need-based financial aid	1,407	6,026	NA
c)	Number of students in line ${\bf b}$ who were determined to have financial need	1,310	5,614	NA
d)	Number of students in line c who were awarded any financial aid	1,310	5,614	NA
e)	Number of students in line d who were awarded any need-based scholarship or grant aid	1,203	5,171	NA
f)	Number of students in line \mathbf{d} who were awarded any need-based self-help aid	1,168	5,303	NA
g)	Number of students in line d who were awarded any non-need-based scholarship or grant aid	NA	NA	NA
h)	Number of students in line d whose need was fully met (<u>exclude PLUS</u> <u>loans</u> , <u>unsubsidized loans</u> , <u>and private alternative loans</u>)	1,310	5,614	NA
i)	On average, the percentage of need that was met of students who were awarded any need-based aid. Exclude any aid that was awarded in excess of need as well as any resources that were awarded to replace EFC (PLUS loans, unsubsidized loans, and private alternative loans)	100%	100%	%
j)	The average financial aid package of those in line d. Exclude any resources that were awarded to replace EFC (PLUS loans, unsubsidized loans, and private alternative loans)	\$28,946	\$28,577	NA
k)	Average need-based scholarship or grant award of those in line e	\$21,824	\$20,492	\$ NA
1)	Average need-based self-help award (<u>excluding PLUS loans</u> , <u>unsubsidized loans</u> , and <u>private alternative loans</u>) of those in line f	\$5,988	\$6,786	\$ NA
m)	Average need-based loan (<u>excluding PLUS loans</u> , <u>unsubsidized loans</u> , <u>and private alternative loans</u>) of those in line f who were awarded a need-based loan	\$5,180	\$5,523	\$ NA

H2A. Number of Enrolled Students Awarded Non-need-based Scholarships and Grants: List the number of degree-seeking full-time and less-than-full-time undergraduates who had no financial need and who were awarded institutional non-need-based scholarship or grant aid. Numbers should reflect the cohort awarded the dollars reported in H1. Note: In the chart below, students may be counted in more than one row, and full-time freshmen should also be counted as full-time undergraduates.

		First-time Full-time	Full-time Undergrad	Less Than Full-time
		Freshmen	(Incl. Fresh)	Undergrad
n)	Number of students in line a who had no financial need and who were awarded institutional non-need-based scholarship or grant aid (exclude those who were awarded athletic awards and tuition benefits)	NA	NA	
o)	Average dollar amount of institutional non-need-based scholarship and grant aid awarded to students in line n	\$ NA	\$ NA	\$
p)	Number of students in line a who were awarded an institutional non-need-based athletic scholarship or grant	NA	NA	
q)	Average dollar amount of institutional non-need-based athletic scholarships and grants awarded to students in line p	\$ NA	\$ NA	\$

Note: These are the graduates and loan types to include and exclude in order to fill out CDS H4, H4a, H5 and H5a.
Include:
* 2007 undergraduate class who graduated between July 1, 2006
and June 30, 2007 who started at your institution as first- time students and received a bachelor's degree between July
1, 2006 and June 30, 2007.
* only loans made to students who borrowed while enrolled at
your institution. * co-signed loans.
co-signed toans.
Exclude:
 * those who transferred in. * money borrowed at other institutions.
money borrowed at other institutions.
H4. Provide the percentage of the class (defined above) who borrowed at any time through any loan programs (institutional,
state, Federal Perkins, Federal Stafford Subsidized and Unsubsidized, private loans that were certified by your institution, etc.; exclude parent loans). Include both Federal Direct Student Loans and Federal Family Education Loans. 54%
H4a. Provide the percentage of the class (defined above) who borrowed at any time through federal loan programsFederal
Perkins, Federal Stafford Subsidized and Unsubsidized. Include both Federal Direct Student Loans and Federal Family Education Loans. NOTE: exclude all institutional, state, private alternative loans and parent loans53%
H5. Report the average per-borrower cumulative undergraduate indebtedness of those in line H4. \$23,936
H5a. Report the average per-borrower cumulative undergraduate indebtedness through federal loan programsFederal
Perkins, Federal Stafford Subsidized and Unsubsidized. Include both Federal Direct Student Loans and Federal Family
Education Loans. These are listed in line H4a. NOTE: exclude all institutional, state, private alternative loans and exclude parent loans.
\$16,589
Aid to Undergraduate Degree-seeking Nonresident Aliens (Note: Report numbers and dollar amounts for the same academic year checked in item H1.)
H6. Indicate your institution's policy regarding institutional scholarship and grant aid for undergraduate degree-seeking nonresident aliens:
Institutional need-based scholarship or grant aid is available

If institutional financial aid is available for undergraduate degree-seeking nonresident aliens, provide the number of undergraduate degree-seeking nonresident aliens who were awarded need-based or non-need-based aid: _217_____

Average dollar amount of institutional financial aid awarded to undergraduate degree-seeking nonresident aliens:

Total dollar amount of institutional financial aid awarded to undergraduate degree-seeking nonresident aliens:

H7. Check off all financial aid forms nonresident alien first-year financial aid applicants must submit:

Institutional non-need-based scholarship or grant aid is available

Institutional scholarship and grant aid is not available

\$ ____21,897_____

Institution's own financial aid form CSS/Financial Aid PROFILE

Foreign Student's Financial Aid Application Foreign Student's Certification of Finances

\$ __4,751,644_

	Other: Alien Registration Card
Proc	cess for First-Year/Freshman Students
Н8.	Check off all financial aid forms domestic first-year (freshman) financial aid applicants must submit:
	FAFSA Institution's own financial aid form CSS/Financial Aid PROFILE State aid form Noncustodial (Divorced/Separated) Parent's Statement Business/Farm Supplement Other: Prior Year Tax Forms
Н9.	Indicate filing dates for first-year (freshman) students:
	Priority date for filing required financial aid forms: Deadline for filing required financial aid forms:2/11 No deadline for filing required forms (applications processed on a rolling basis):

H10	Indicate notification dates for first-year (freshman) students (answer a or b):
	a.) Students notified on or about (date):4/1
	b.) Students notified on a rolling basis: yes/no If yes, starting date:
H11	. Indicate reply dates:
	Students must reply by (date):5/1 or withinTWO weeks of notification.
Тур	es of Aid Available
Plea	se check off all types of aid available to undergraduates at your institution:
H12	. Loans
\boxtimes	FEDERAL DIRECT STUDENT LOAN PROGRAM (DIRECT LOAN) Direct Subsidized Stafford Loans Direct Unsubsidized Stafford Loans Direct PLUS Loans
\boxtimes	FEDERAL FAMILY EDUCATION LOAN PROGRAM (FFEL) FFEL Subsidized Stafford Loans FFEL Unsubsidized Stafford Loans FFEL PLUS Loans
	Federal Perkins Loans Federal Nursing Loans State Loans College/university loans from institutional funds Other (specify): Key Bank Alternative Loans
H13	. Scholarships and Grants
	NEED-BASED: Federal Pell SEOG State scholarships/grants Private scholarships College/university gift aid from institutional funds United Negro College Fund Federal Nursing Scholarship Other (specify):

H14. Check off criteria used in awarding institutional aid. Check all that apply.

Non-need	Need-based		Non-need	Need-based	
	X	Academics		X	Leadership
		Alumni affiliation			Minority status
		Art			Music/drama
		Athletics			Religious affiliation
		Job skills			State/district residency
X		ROTC			

I. INSTRUCTIONAL FACULTY AND CLASS SIZE

I-1. Please report the number of instructional faculty members in each category for fall 2007. Include faculty who are on your institution's payroll on the census date your institution uses for IPEDS/AAUP.

The following definition of full-time instructional faculty is used by the American Association of University Professors (AAUP) in its annual Faculty Compensation Survey (the part time definitions are not used by AAUP). Instructional Faculty is defined as those members of the instructional-research staff whose major regular assignment is instruction, including those with released time for research. Use the chart below to determine inclusions and exclusions:

	Full-time	Part-time
(a) instructional faculty in preclinical and clinical medicine, faculty who are not paid (e.g., those who donate their services or are in the military), or research-only faculty, post-doctoral fellows, or predoctoral fellows	Exclude	Include only if they teach one or more non-clinical credit courses
(b) administrative officers with titles such as dean of students, librarian, registrar, coach, and the like, even though they may devote part of their time to classroom instruction and may have faculty status	Exclude	Include if they teach one or more non-clinical credit courses
(C) other administrators/staff who teach one or more non-clinical credit courses even though they do not have faculty status	Exclude	Include
(d) undergraduate or graduate students who assist in the instruction of courses, but have titles such as teaching assistant, teaching fellow, and the like	Exclude	Exclude
(e) faculty on sabbatical or leave with pay	Include	Exclude
(f) faculty on leave without pay	Exclude	Exclude
(g) replacement faculty for faculty on sabbatical leave or leave with pay	Exclude	Include

Full-time instructional faculty: faculty employed on a full-time basis for instruction (including those with released time for research)

Part-time instructional faculty: Adjuncts and other instructors being paid solely for part-time classroom instruction. Also includes full-time faculty teaching less than two semesters, three quarters, two trimesters, or two four-month sessions. Employees who are not considered full-time instruction faculty but who teach one or more non-clinical credit courses may be counted as part-time faculty.

Minority faculty: includes faculty who designate themselves as black, non-Hispanic; American Indian or Alaskan native; Asian or Pacific Islander; or Hispanic.

Doctorate: includes such degrees as Doctor of Philosophy, Doctor of Education, Doctor of Juridical Science, and Doctor of Public Health in any field such as arts, sciences, education, engineering, business, and public administration.

First-professional: includes the fields of dentistry (DDS or DMD), medicine (MD), optometry (OD), osteopathic medicine (DO), pharmacy (DPharm or BPharm), podiatric medicine (DPM), veterinary medicine (DVM), chiropractic (DC or DCM), law (JD) and theological professions (MDiv, MHL).

Terminal master's degree: a master's degree that is considered the highest degree in a field: example, M. Arch (in architecture) and MFA (master of fine arts in art or theater).

	Full-time	Part-time	Total
a.) Total number of instructional faculty	1,728	182	1,910
b.) Total number who are members of minority groups	271	13	284
c.) Total number who are women	523	58	581
d.) Total number who are men	1,205	124	1,329
e.) Total number who are nonresident aliens (international)	131	7	138
f.) Total number with doctorate, first professional, or other terminal degree	1,592	124	1,716
g.) Total number whose highest degree is a master's but not a terminal master's	101	42	143
h.) Total number whose highest degree is a bachelor's	32	16	48
i.) Total number whose highest degree is unknown or other (Note: Items f, g, h, and i must sum up to item a.)	3	0	3
j.) Total number in stand-alone graduate/professional programs in which faculty teach virtually only graduate-level students	0	0	0

I-2. Student to Faculty Ratio

Report the fall 2007 ratio of full-time equivalent students (full-time plus 1/3 part time) to full-time equivalent instructional faculty (full time plus 1/3 part time). In the ratio calculations, exclude both faculty and students in stand-alone graduate or professional programs such as medicine, law, veterinary, dentistry, social work, business, or public health in which faculty teach virtually only graduate level students. Do not count undergraduate or graduate student teaching assistants as faculty.

Fall 2007 Student to Faculty ratio: _____9_ to 1 (based on __13,213____ students and _1,522_____ faculty).

I-3. Undergraduate Class Size

In the table below, please use the following definitions to report information about the size of classes and class sections offered in the fall 2007 term.

Class Sections: A class section is an organized course offered for credit, identified by discipline and number, meeting at a stated time or times in a classroom or similar setting, and not a subsection such as a laboratory or discussion session. Undergraduate class sections are defined as any sections in which at least one degree-seeking undergraduate student is enrolled for credit. Exclude distance learning classes and noncredit classes and individual instruction such as dissertation or thesis research, music instruction, or one-to-one readings. Exclude students in independent study, co-operative programs, internships, foreign language taped tutor sessions, practicums, and all students in one-on-one classes. Each class section should be counted only once and should not be duplicated because of course catalog cross-listings.

Class Subsections: A class subsection includes any subsection of a course, such as laboratory, recitation, and discussion subsections that are supplementary in nature and are scheduled to meet separately from the lecture portion of the course. Undergraduate subsections are defined as any subsections of courses in which degree-seeking undergraduate students enrolled for credit. As above, exclude noncredit classes and individual instruction such as dissertation or thesis research, music instruction, or one-to-one readings. Each class subsection should be counted only once and should not be duplicated because of cross-listings.

Using the above definitions, please report for each of the following class-size intervals the number of class sections and class subsections offered in fall 2007. For example, a lecture class with 800 students who met at another time in 40 separate labs with 20 students should be counted once in the "100+" column in the class section column and 40 times under the "20-29" column of the class subsections table.

Number of Class Sections with Undergraduates Enrolled

Undergraduate Class Size (provide numbers)

	2-9	10-19	20-29	30-39	40-49	50-99	100+	Total
CLASS	459	865	281	143	90	258	113	2209
SECTIONS								
		•			,			
	2-9	10-19	20-29	30-39	40-49	50-99	100+	Total
CLASS SUB-	176	534	343	91	22	44	10	1220
SECTIONS								

J. Disciplinary areas of DEGREES CONFERRED

Degrees conferred between July 1, 2006 and June 30, 2007

For each of the following discipline areas, provide the percentage of diplomas/certificates, associate, and bachelor's degrees awarded. To determine the percentage, use majors, not headcount (e.g., students with one degree but a double major will be represented twice). Calculate the percentage from your institution's IPEDS Completions by using the sum of 1st and 2nd majors for each CIP code as the numerator and the sum of the Grand Total by 1st Majors and the Grand Total by 2nd major as the denominator. If you prefer, you can compute the percentages using 1st majors only.

Category	Diploma/ Certificates	Associate	Bachelor's	CIP 2000 Categories to Include
Agriculture			13%	1
Natural resources/environmental			1%	3
science				
Architecture			2%	4
Area and ethnic studies			2%	5
Communications/journalism			2%	9
Communication technologies				10
Computer and information sciences			3%	11
Personal and culinary services				12
Education			Less than 0.5%	13
Engineering			19%	14
Engineering technologies				15
Foreign languages and literature			1%	16
Family and consumer sciences			4%	19
Law/legal studies				22
English			2%	23
Liberal arts/general studies			1%	24
Library science				25
Biological/life sciences			12%	26
Mathematics			1%	27
Military science and technologies				29
Interdisciplinary studies			1%	30
Parks and recreation				31
Philosophy and religious studies			1%	38
Theology and religious vocations				39
Physical sciences			3%	40
Science technologies				41
Psychology			2%	42
Security and protective services				43
Public administration and social			2%	44
services				
Social sciences			10%	45
Construction trades				46
Mechanic and repair technologies				47
Precision production				48
Transportation and materials moving				49
Visual and performing arts			2%	50

Health professions and related			Less than 0.5%	51
sciences				
Business/marketing			13%	52
History			2%	54
Other				
TOTAL	100%	100%	100%	

Common Data Set Definitions

- All definitions related to the financial aid section appear at the end of the Definitions document.
- Items preceded by an asterisk (*) represent definitions agreed to among publishers which do not appear on the CDS document but may be present on individual publishers' surveys.
- *Academic advisement: Plan under which each student is assigned to a faculty member or a trained adviser, who, through regular meetings, helps the student plan and implement immediate and long-term academic and vocational goals.

Accelerated program: Completion of a college program of study in fewer than the usual number of years, most often by attending summer sessions and carrying extra courses during the regular academic term.

Admitted student: Applicant who is offered admission to a degree-granting program at your institution.

*Adult student services: Admission assistance, support, orientation, and other services expressly for adults who have started college for the first time, or who are re-entering after a lapse of a few years.

American Indian or Alaska native: A person having origins in any of the original peoples of North America and who maintains cultural identification through tribal affiliation or community recognition.

Applicant (**first-time**, **first year**): An individual who has fulfilled the institution's requirements to be considered for admission (including payment or waiving of the application fee, if any) and who has been notified of one of the following actions: admission, nonadmission, placement on waiting list, or application withdrawn (by applicant or institution).

Application fee: That amount of money that an institution charges for processing a student's application for acceptance. This amount is *not* creditable toward tuition and required fees, nor is it refundable if the student is not admitted to the institution.

Asian or Pacific Islander: A person having origins in any of the original peoples of the Far East, Southeast Asia, the Indian Subcontinent, or Pacific Islands. This includes people from China, Japan, Korea, the Philippine Islands, American Samoa, India, and Vietnam.

Associate degree: An award that normally requires at least two but less than four years of full-time equivalent college work.

Bachelor's degree: An award (baccalaureate or equivalent degree, as determined by the Secretary of the U.S. Department of Education) that normally requires at least four years but *not* more than five years of full-time equivalent college-level work. This includes ALL bachelor's degrees conferred in a five-year cooperative (work-study plan) program. (A cooperative plan provides for alternate class attendance and employment in business, industry, or government; thus, it allows students to combine actual work experience with their college studies.) Also, it includes bachelor's degrees in which the normal four years of work are completed in three years.

Black, non-Hispanic: A person having origins in any of the black racial groups of Africa (except those of Hispanic origin).

Board (charges): Assume average cost for 19 meals per week or the maximum meal plan.

Books and supplies (costs): Average cost of books and supplies. Do not include unusual costs for special groups of students (e.g., engineering or art majors), unless they constitute the majority of students at your institution.

Calendar system: The method by which an institution structures most of its courses for the academic year.

Campus Ministry: Religious student organizations (denominational or nondenominational) devoted to fostering religious life on college campuses. May also refer to Campus Crusade for Christ, an interdenominational Christian organization.

*Career and placement services: A range of services, including (often) the following: coordination of visits of employers to campus; aptitude and vocational testing; interest inventories, personal counseling; help in resume writing, interviewing,

launching the job search; listings for those students desiring employment and those seeking permanent positions; establishment of a permanent reference folder; career resource materials.

Carnegie units: One year of study or the equivalent in a secondary school subject.

Certificate: See Postsecondary award, certificate, or diploma.

Class rank: The relative numerical position of a student in his or her graduating class, calculated by the high school on the basis of grade-point average, whether weighted or unweighted.

College-preparatory program: Courses in academic subjects (English, history and social studies, foreign languages, mathematics, science, and the arts) that stress preparation for college or university study.

Common Application: The standard application form distributed by the National Association of Secondary School Principals for a large number of private colleges who are members of the Common Application Group.

*Community service program: Referral center for students wishing to perform volunteer work in the community or participate in volunteer activities coordinated by academic departments.

Commuter: A student who lives off campus in housing that is not owned by, operated by, or affiliated with the college. This category includes students who commute from home and students who have moved to the area to attend college.

Contact hour: A unit of measure that represents an hour of scheduled instruction given to students. Also referred to as clock hour.

Continuous basis (for program enrollment): A calendar system classification that is used by institutions that enroll students at any time during the academic year. For example, a cosmetology school or a word processing school might allow students to enroll and begin studies at various times, with no requirement that classes begin on a certain date.

Cooperative education program: A program that provides for alternate class attendance and employment in business, industry, or government.

Cooperative housing: College-owned, -operated, or -affiliated housing in which students share room and board expenses and participate in household chores to reduce living expenses.

*Counseling service: Activities designed to assist students in making plans and decisions related to their education, career, or personal development.

Credit: Recognition of attendance or performance in an instructional activity (course or program) that can be applied by a recipient toward the requirements for a degree, diploma, certificate, or other formal award.

Credit course: A course that, if successfully completed, can be applied toward the number of courses required for achieving a degree, diploma, certificate, or other formal award.

Credit hour: A unit of measure representing an hour (50 minutes) of instruction over a 15-week period in a semester or trimester system or a 10-week period in a quarter system. It is applied toward the total number of hours needed for completing the requirements of a degree, diploma, certificate, or other formal award.

Cross-registration: A system whereby students enrolled at one institution may take courses at another institution without having to apply to the second institution.

Deferred admission: The practice of permitting admitted students to postpone enrollment, usually for a period of one academic term or one year.

Degree: An award conferred by a college, university, or other postsecondary education institution as official recognition for the successful completion of a program of studies.

Degree-seeking students: Students enrolled in courses for credit who are recognized by the institution as seeking a degree or formal award. At the undergraduate level, this is intended to include students enrolled in vocational or occupational programs.

Differs by program (calendar system): A calendar system classification that is used by institutions that have occupational/vocational programs of varying length. These schools may enroll students at specific times depending on the program desired. For example, a school might offer a two-month program in January, March, May, September, and November; and a three-month program in January, April, and October.

Diploma: See Postsecondary award, certificate, or diploma.

Distance learning: An option for earning course credit at off-campus locations via cable television, internet, satellite classes, videotapes, correspondence courses, or other means.

Doctoral degree: The highest award a student can earn for graduate study. The doctoral degree classification includes such degrees as Doctor of Education, Doctor of Juridical Science, Doctor of Public Health, and the Doctor of Philosophy degree in any field such as agronomy, food technology, education, engineering, public administration, ophthalmology, or radiology. For the Doctor of Public Health degree, the prior degree is generally earned in the closely related field of medicine or in sanitary engineering.

Double major: Program in which students may complete two undergraduate programs of study simultaneously.

Dual enrollment: A program through which high school students may enroll in college courses while still enrolled in high school. Students are not required to apply for admission to the college in order to participate.

Early action plan: An admission plan that allows students to apply and be notified of an admission decision well in advance of the regular notification dates. If admitted, the candidate is not committed to enroll; the student may reply to the offer under the college's regular reply policy.

Early admission: A policy under which students who have not completed high school are admitted and enroll full time in college, usually after completion of their junior year.

Early decision plan: A plan that permits students to apply and be notified of an admission decision (and financial aid offer if applicable) well in advance of the regular notification date. Applicants agree to accept an offer of admission and, if admitted, to withdraw their applications from other colleges. There are three possible decisions for early decision applicants: admitted, denied, or not admitted but forwarded for consideration with the regular applicant pool, without prejudice.

English as a Second Language (ESL): A course of study designed specifically for students whose native language is not English.

Exchange student program-domestic: Any arrangement between a student and a college that permits study for a semester or more at another college **in the United States** without extending the amount of time required for a degree. **See also Study abroad**.

External degree program: A program of study in which students earn credits toward a degree through independent study, college courses, proficiency examinations, and personal experience. External degree programs require minimal or no classroom attendance.

Extracurricular activities (as admission factor): Special consideration in the admissions process given for participation in both school and nonschool-related activities of interest to the college, such as clubs, hobbies, student government, athletics, performing arts, etc.

First professional certificate (postdegree): An award that requires completion of an organized program of study designed for persons who have completed the first professional degree. Examples could be refresher courses or additional units of study in a specialty or subspecialty.

First professional degree: An award in one of the following fields: Chiropractic (DC, DCM), dentistry (DDS, DMD), medicine (MD), optometry (OD), osteopathic medicine (DO), rabbinical and Talmudic studies (MHL, Rav), Pharmacy (BPharm, PharmD), podiatry (PodD, DP, DPM), veterinary medicine (DVM), law (LLB, JD), divinity/ministry (BD, MDiv).

First-time student: A student attending any institution for the first time at the level enrolled. Includes students enrolled in the fall term who attended a postsecondary institution for the first time at the same level in the prior summer term. Also includes students who entered with advanced standing (college credit earned before graduation from high school).

First-time, first-year (freshman) student: A student attending any institution for the first time at the undergraduate level. Includes students enrolled in the fall term who attended college for the first time in the prior summer term. Also includes students who entered with advanced standing (college credits earned before graduation from high school).

First-year student: A student who has completed less than the equivalent of 1 full year of undergraduate work; that is, less than 30 semester hours (in a 120-hour degree program) or less than 900 contact hours.

Freshman: A first-year undergraduate student.

*Freshman/new student orientation: Orientation addressing the academic, social, emotional, and intellectual issues involved in beginning college. May be a few hours or a few days in length; at some colleges, there is a fee.

Full-time student (undergraduate): A student enrolled for 12 or more semester credits, 12 or more quarter credits, or 24 or more contact hours a week each term.

Geographical residence (as admission factor): Special consideration in the admission process given to students from a particular region, state, or country of residence.

Grade-point average (academic high school GPA): The sum of grade points a student has earned in secondary school divided by the number of courses taken. The most common system of assigning numbers to grades counts four points for an A, three points for a B, two points for a C, one point for a D, and no points for an E or F. Unweighted GPA's assign the same weight to each course. Weighting gives students additional points for their grades in advanced or honors courses.

Graduate student: A student who holds a bachelor's or first professional degree, or equivalent, and is taking courses at the post-baccalaureate level.

*Health services: Free or low cost on-campus primary and preventive health care available to students.

High school diploma or recognized equivalent: A document certifying the successful completion of a prescribed secondary school program of studies, or the attainment of satisfactory scores on the Tests of General Educational Development (GED), or another state-specified examination.

Hispanic: A person of Mexican, Puerto Rican, Cuban, Central or South American, or other Spanish culture or origin, regardless of race.

Honors program: Any special program for very able students offering the opportunity for educational enrichment, independent study, acceleration, or some combination of these.

Independent study: Academic work chosen or designed by the student with the approval of the department concerned, under an instructor's supervision, and usually undertaken outside of the regular classroom structure.

In-state tuition: The tuition charged by institutions to those students who meet the state's or institution's residency requirements.

International student: See Nonresident alien.

International student group: Student groups that facilitate cultural dialogue, support a diverse campus, assist international students in acclimation and creating a social network.

Internship: Any short-term, supervised work experience usually related to a student's major field, for which the student earns academic credit. The work can be full- or part-time, on- or off-campus, paid or unpaid.

*Learning center: Center offering assistance through tutors, workshops, computer programs, or audiovisual equipment in reading, writing, math, and skills such as taking notes, managing time, taking tests.

*Legal services: Free or low cost legal advice for a range of issues (personal and other).

Liberal arts/career combination: Program in which a student earns undergraduate degrees in two separate fields, one in a liberal arts major and the other in a professional or specialized major, whether on campus or through cross-registration.

Master's degree: An award that requires the successful completion of a program of study of at least the full-time equivalent of one but not more than two academic years of work beyond the bachelor's degree.

Minority affiliation (as admission factor): Special consideration in the admission process for members of designated racial/ethnic minority groups.

*Minority student center: Center with programs, activities, and/or services intended to enhance the college experience of students of color.

Model United Nations: A simulation activity focusing on conflict resolution, globalization, and diplomacy. Assuming roles as foreign ambassadors and "delegates," students conduct research, engage in debate, draft resolutions, and may participate in a national Model UN conference.

Nonresident alien: A person who is not a citizen or national of the United States and who is in this country on a visa or temporary basis and does not have the right to remain indefinitely.

*On-campus day care: Licensed day care for students' children (usually age 3 and up); usually for a fee.

Open admission: Admission policy under which virtually all secondary school graduates or students with GED equivalency diplomas are admitted without regard to academic record, test scores, or other qualifications.

Other expenses (costs): Include average costs for clothing, laundry, entertainment, medical (if not a required fee), and furnishings.

Out-of-state tuition: The tuition charged by institutions to those students who do not meet the institution's or state's residency requirements.

Part-time student (undergraduate): A student enrolled for fewer than 12 credits per semester or quarter, or fewer than 24 contact hours a week each term.

*Personal counseling: One-on-one or group counseling with trained professionals for students who want to explore personal, educational, or vocational issues.

Post-baccalaureate certificate: An award that requires completion of an organized program of study requiring 18 credit hours beyond the bachelor's; designed for persons who have completed a baccalaureate degree but do not meet the requirements of academic degrees carrying the title of master.

Post-master's certificate: An award that requires completion of an organized program of study of 24 credit hours beyond the master's degree but does not meet the requirements of academic degrees at the doctoral level.

Postsecondary award, certificate, or diploma: Includes the following three IPEDS definitions for postsecondary awards, certificates, and diplomas of varying durations and credit/contact hour requirements—

Less Than 1 Academic Year: Requires completion of an organized program of study at the postsecondary level (below the baccalaureate degree) in less than 1 academic year (2 semesters or 3 quarters) or in less than 900 contact hours by a student enrolled full-time.

At Least 1 But Less Than 2 Academic Years: Requires completion of an organized program of study at the postsecondary level (below the baccalaureate degree) in at least 1 but less than 2 full-time equivalent academic years, or designed for completion in at least 30 but less than 60 credit hours, or in at least 900 but less than 1,800 contact hours.

At Least 2 But Less Than 4 Academic Years: Requires completion of an organized program of study at the postsecondary level (below the baccalaureate degree) in at least 2 but less than 4 full-time equivalent academic years, or designed for completion in at least 60 but less than 120 credit hours, or in at least 1,800 but less than 3,600 contact hours.

Private institution: An educational institution controlled by a private individual(s) or by a nongovernmental agency, usually supported primarily by other than public funds, and operated by other than publicly elected or appointed officials.

Private for-profit institution: A private institution in which the individual(s) or agency in control receives compensation, other than wages, rent, or other expenses for the assumption of risk.

Private nonprofit institution: A private institution in which the individual(s) or agency in control receives no compensation, other than wages, rent, or other expenses for the assumption of risk. These include both independent nonprofit schools and those affiliated with a religious organization.

Proprietary institution: See Private for-profit institution.

Public institution: An educational institution whose programs and activities are operated by publicly elected or appointed school officials, and which is supported primarily by public funds.

Quarter calendar system: A calendar system in which the academic year consists of three sessions called quarters of about 12 weeks each. The range may be from 10 to 15 weeks. There may be an additional quarter in the summer.

Race/ethnicity: Category used to describe groups to which individuals belong, identify with, or belong in the eyes of the community. The categories do not denote scientific definitions of anthropological origins. A person may be counted in only one group.

Race/ethnicity unknown: Category used to classify students or employees whose race/ethnicity is not known and whom institutions are unable to place in one of the specified racial/ethnic categories.

Religious affiliation/commitment (as admission factor): Special consideration given in the admission process for affiliation with a certain church or faith/religion, commitment to a religious vocation, or observance of certain religious tenets/lifestyle.

*Religious counseling: One-on-one or group counseling with trained professionals for students who want to explore religious problems or issues.

*Remedial services: Instructional courses designed for students deficient in the general competencies necessary for a regular postsecondary curriculum and educational setting.

Required fees: Fixed sum charged to students for items not covered by tuition and required of such a large proportion of all students that the student who does NOT pay is the exception. Do not include application fees or optional fees such as lab fees or parking fees.

Resident alien or other eligible non-citizen: A person who is not a citizen or national of the United States and who has been admitted as a legal immigrant for the purpose of obtaining permanent resident alien status (and who holds either an alien registration card [Form I-551 or I-151], a Temporary Resident Card [Form I-688], or an Arrival-Departure Record [Form I-94] with a notation that conveys legal immigrant status, such as Section 207 Refugee, Section 208 Asylee, Conditional Entrant Parolee or Cuban-Haitian).

Room and board (charges)—on campus: Assume double occupancy in institutional housing and 19 meals per week (or maximum meal plan).

Secondary school record (as admission factor): Information maintained by the secondary school that may include such things as the student's high school transcript, class rank, GPA, and teacher and counselor recommendations.

Semester calendar system: A calendar system that consists of two semesters during the academic year with about 16 weeks for each semester of instruction. There may be an additional summer session.

Student-designed major: A program of study based on individual interests, designed with the assistance of an adviser.

Study abroad: Any arrangement by which a student completes part of the college program studying in another country. Can be at a campus abroad or through a cooperative agreement with some other U.S. college or an institution of another country.

*Summer session: A summer session is shorter than a regular semester and not considered part of the academic year. It is not the third term of an institution operating on a trimester system or the fourth term of an institution operating on a quarter calendar system. The institution may have 2 or more sessions occurring in the summer months. Some schools, such as vocational and beauty schools, have year-round classes with no separate summer session.

Talent/ability (as admission factor): Special consideration given to students with demonstrated talent/abilities in areas of interest to the institution (e.g., sports, the arts, languages, etc.).

Teacher certification program: Program designed to prepare students to meet the requirements for certification as teachers in elementary, middle/junior high, and secondary schools.

Transfer applicant: An individual who has fulfilled the institution's requirements to be considered for admission (including payment or waiving of the application fee, if any) and who has previously attended another college or university and earned college-level credit.

Transfer student: A student entering the institution for the first time but known to have previously attended a postsecondary institution at the same level (e.g., undergraduate). The student may transfer with or without credit.

Transportation (costs): Assume two round trips to student's hometown per year for students in institutional housing or daily travel to and from your institution for commuter students.

Trimester calendar system: An academic year consisting of 3 terms of about 15 weeks each.

Tuition: Amount of money charged to students for instructional services. Tuition may be charged per term, per course, or per credit.

*Tutoring: May range from one-on-one tutoring in specific subjects to tutoring in an area such as math, reading, or writing. Most tutors are college students; at some colleges, they are specially trained and certified.

Unit: a standard of measurement representing hours of academic instruction (e.g., semester credit, quarter credit, contact hour).

Undergraduate: A student enrolled in a four- or five-year bachelor's degree program, an associate degree program, or a vocational or technical program below the baccalaureate.

*Veteran's counseling: Helps veterans and their dependents obtain benefits for their selected program and provides certifications to the Veteran's Administration. May also provide personal counseling on the transition from the military to a civilian life.

*Visually impaired: Any person whose sight loss is not correctable and is sufficiently severe as to adversely affect educational performance.

Volunteer work (as admission factor): Special consideration given to students for activity done on a volunteer basis (e.g., tutoring, hospital care, working with the elderly or disabled) as a service to the community or the public in general.

Wait list: List of students who meet the admission requirements but will only be offered a place in the class if space becomes available.

Weekend college: A program that allows students to take a complete course of study and attend classes only on weekends.

White, non-Hispanic: A person having origins in any of the original peoples of Europe, North Africa, or the Middle East (except those of Hispanic origin).

*Women's center: Center with programs, academic activities, and/or services intended to promote an understanding of the evolving roles of women.

Work experience (as admission factor): Special consideration given to students who have been employed prior to application, whether for relevance to major, demonstration of employment-related skills, or as explanation of student's academic and extracurricular record.

Financial Aid Definitions

External scholarships and grants: Scholarships and grants received from outside (private) sources that students bring with them (e.g., Kiwanis, National Merit scholarships). The institution may process paperwork to receive the dollars, but it has no role in determining the recipient or the dollar amount awarded.

Financial aid applicant: Any applicant who submits **any one of** the institutionally required financial aid applications/forms, such as the FAFSA.

Indebtedness: Aggregate dollar amount borrowed through any loan program (federal, state, subsidized, unsubsidized, private, etc.; excluding parent loans) while the student was enrolled at an institution. Student loans co-signed by a parent are assumed to be the responsibility of the student and **should** be included.

Institutional scholarships and grants: Endowed scholarships, annual gifts and tuition funded grants for which the institution determines the recipient.

Financial need: As determined by your institution using the federal methodology and/or your institution's own standards.

Need-based aid: College-funded or college-administered award from institutional, state, federal, or other sources for which a student must have financial need to qualify. This includes both institutional and non-institutional student aid (grants, jobs, and loans).

Need-based scholarship or grant aid: Scholarships and grants from institutional, state, federal, or other sources for which a student must have financial need to qualify.

Need-based self-help aid: Loans and jobs from institutional, state, federal, or other sources for which a student must demonstrate financial need to qualify.

Non-need-based scholarship or grant aid: Scholarships and grants, gifts, or merit-based aid from institutional, state, federal, or other sources (including unrestricted funds or gifts and endowment income) awarded solely on the basis of academic achievement, merit, or any other non-need-based reason. When reporting questions H1 and H2, non-need-based aid that is used to meet need should be counted as need-based aid.

Note: Suggested order of precedence for counting non-need money as need-based:

Non-need institutional grants

Non-need tuition waivers

Non-need athletic awards

Non-need federal grants

Non-need state grants

Non-need outside grants

Non-need student loans

Non-need parent loans

Non-need work

Non-need-based self-help aid: Loans and jobs from institutional, state, or other sources for which a student need not demonstrate financial need to qualify.

Work study and employment: Federal and state work study aid, and any employment packaged by your institution in financial aid awards.

Cornell University Declared Majors by Intended Degree Fall 2007

			Graduate Degree		Unknown	
CIP Code	Program Area	Bachelors	Masters (**)	PHD	Professional	Non Candidate
01	Agriculture, Agriculture Operations, and Related Sciences	1424	118	176		12
03	Natural Resources andConservation	192	21	39		2
04 (*)	Architecture & Related Programs	448	195	32		2
05	Area, Ethnic, Cultural and Gender Studies	126	23	19		12
	Communication, Journalism and					
09	Related Programs	230	13	15		0
11	Computer and Information Sciences	188	109	124		0
13	Education	10	26	29		0
14 (*)	Engineering	2750	550	503		13
15	Engineering Technology	0	35	0		0
13	Foreign Languages, Literatures and	-		0		0
16	Linguistics Family and Consumer	92	4	143		5
19 (*)	Sciences/Human Sciences	642	18	11		0
22	Legal Professions and Studies	0	59	8	592	0
23	English Language & Literature/Letters	144	18	79		0
	Liberal Arts & Sciences/General	144	10	73		
24	Studies& Humanities	58				0
26	Biological and Biomedical Sciences	1621	15	458		4
27	Mathematics and Statistics	67	38	126		6
30	Multi/Interdisciplinary Studies	69	20	102		1
38	Philosophy and Religious Studies	45	0	47		0
40	Physical Sciences	229	13	400		3
42	Psychology	139	3	45		1
44	Public Administration and Social Service Professions	220	151	18		1
45	Social Sciences	699	69	296		7
50	Visual & Performing Arts	196	20	77		4
51	Health Professions (Pre-Medical) Business, Management and	13	40	49	336	8
52(*)	Marketing	1714	982	69	80	2
54	History	123	0	85		2
Jndeclare		2071				
	NOTE:	13510	2540	2950	1008	85

NOTE: 13510 2540 2950 1008

Students are not required to declare a major until their junior year

CIP codes (Classification of Instructional Programs) are used by National Center for Educational statistics http://nces.ed.gov/pubs2002/cip2000/

(**) Masters Degrees includes MS/PHD and MA/PHD

SOURCE:

Office of the University Registrar, Student Records Data Mart.

11/28/07 efd

^(*) Undeclared majors enrolled in the colleges of Engineering and Architecture are considered to have majors in those areas. Undeclared majors in the Hotel school and the ILR school are considered busin Undeclared majors in the Human Ecology school are considered Family and Consumer Science majors.

Cornell Undergraduate Majors 2007

CIP Code	Major Name
00.0000	AGRICULTURAL TECHNOLOGY
00.0000	DIVISION OF BASIC STUDIES
01.0000	AGRICULTURAL SCIENCE
01.0000	GENERAL STUDIES
01.0000	GENERAL STUDIES IN AG
01.0000	
	Ag Econ Mgmt [Farm Business Mg
01.0101	BUSINESS
01.0102	Ag Econ Mgmt [Agricultural Bus
01.0102	Ag Econ Mgmt [Agricultural Eco
01.0102	APPLIED ECON & MANAGEMENT
01.0603	Plant Sciences [Floriculture &
01.0701	Ag General [International Agri
01.0701	INT AG & RURAL DEVELOPMENT
01.0901	Animal Science
01.1001	Food Science, General
01.1101	PLANT BREEDING
01.1101	Plant Sciences [General]
01.1102	Agronomy & Meterology [Soils S
01.1102	Crop & Soil Sciences
01.1102	FIELD CROPS
01.1103	POMOLOGY
01.1103	VEGETABLE CROPS
01.1105	PLANT PROTECTION
03.0101	AQUATIC SCIENCE
03.0101	ENVIRONMENTAL TECHNOLOGY
03.0101	NATURAL RESOURCES
03.0104	SCI OF NAT & ENVIR SYSTEMS
03.0204	RESOURCE ECONOMICS
04.0201	Architecture
04.0201	ARCHITECTURE
04.0301	History of Arch & Urban Devel
04.0301	CITY & REGIONAL PLANNING
04.0301	Urban & Regional Studies
04.0401	DESIGN & ENVIRONMENTAL ANALY
04.0401	DESIGN & ENVIRONMENTAL ANALYSI
04.0601	Landscape Architecture
05.0102	American Studies
05.0103	Asian Studies
05.0103	CHINA AND ASIA-PACIFIC STUDIES
05.0108	Near Eastern Studies
	RUSSIAN & E. EUROPEAN STU
05.0110	
05.0110	RUSSIAN & SOVIET STUDIES
05.0125	German Area Studies
05.0201	Africana Studies
05.0207	Women's Studies

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05.0208	FEMINIST, GENDER, & SEXUALITY
09.0101	COMMUNICATION
11.0103	INFORMATION SCIENCE
11.0103	INFO SCIENCE, SYSTEMS & TECH
11.0701	COMPUTER SCIENCE
13.0101	Education
13.1301	AGRICULTURE EDUCATION
13.1301	AGRICULTURE TEACHER
13.1301	Education, Agricultural
13.1308	HOME ECONOMICS TEACHER
13.1311	MATHEMATICS 7-12
13.1316	EARTH SCIENCE 7-12
13.1322	BIOLOGY 7-12
13.1323	CHEMISTRY 7-12
13.1329	PHYSICS 7-12
14.0101	College Program
14.0101	COLLEGE PROGRAM
14.0101	INDEPENDENT MAJOR
14.0101	UNAFFILIATED
14.0301	AG & BIOLOGICAL ENGINEERI
14.0301	AGRICULTURAL ENGINEERING
14.0301	Biological Engineering
14.0301	BIOLOGICAL TECHNOLOGY
14.0301	ENVIRONMENTAL ENGR TECHNOLOGY
14.0701	Chemical Engineering
14.0801	CIVIL & ENVIRON ENGINEERING
14.0801	CIVIL ENGINEERING
14.1001	ELECTRICAL & COMPUTER ENGR.
14.1001	ELECTRICAL ENGINEERING
14.1201	Engineering Physics
14.1401	ENVIRONMENTAL ENGINEERING
14.1801	Materials Science & Engineerin
14.1901	MECHANICAL ENGINEERING
14.3701	Operation Research/Engineering
16.0102	Linguistics
16.0104	COMPARATIVE LITERATURE
16.0402	Russian
16.0501	German
16.0901	French
16.0901	ITALIAN
16.0905	Spanish
16.1200	Classics
19.0101	UNDECIDED
19.0402	CONSUMER ECONOMICS
19.0402	CONSUMER ECONOMICS & HOUS
19.0402	CONSUMER ECONOMICS & HOUSING
19.0501	NUTRITIONAL SCIENCES
19.0701	HUMAN SERVICE STUDIES
19.0701	Human Development & Family Stu
19.0701	Human Development Studies
19.0701	Human Service Studies
23.0101	English

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24.0101	COLLEGE SCHOLAR
24.0101	INDIVIDUAL CURRICULUM
24.0101	Individual Curriculum [HuEc]
26.0101	Biological Sciences
26.0101	BIOLOGICAL SCIENCES
26.0202	BIOCHEMISTRY
26.0305	Plant Pathology
26.0503	MICROBIOLOGY
26.0702	Entomology
26.0707	ANIMAL PHYSIOLOGY & ANATOMY
26.0804	GENETICS & DEVELOPMENT
26.1101	Statistics & Biometry
26.1301	ECOLOGY & EVOLUTION
26.9999	BIOLOGY & SOCIETY
26.9999	Human Bio, Health & Society
27.0101	Mathematics
30.1501	SCIENCE & TECHNOLOGY STUDIES
30.2401	NEUROBIOLOGY & BEHAVIOR
30.9999	Biology & Society
38.0101	Philosophy
38.0201	RELIGIOUS STUDIES
40.0201	Astronomy
40.0401	Agronomy & Meteorology [Atmosp
40.0401	Atmospheric Sciences
40.0501	Chemistry
40.0601	Geological Sciences
40.0601	GEOLOGICAL SCIENCES
40.0601	SCIENCE OF EARTH SYSTEMS
40.0801	Physics
42.0101	Psychology
44.0201	HUMAN SERVICE STUDIES
44.0201	POLICY ANALYSIS AND MANAGEMENT
44.0401	PUBLIC AFFAIRS MANAGEMENT
44.0501	POLICY ANALYSIS
44.0501	SOCIAL PLANNING & PUBL POLICY
45.0101	SOCIAL RELATIONS
45.0201	Anthropology
45.0301	Archaeology
45.0601	IECONOMICS
45.1001 45.1101	Government
45.1101	DEVELOPMENT SOCIOLOGY
45.1101	RURAL SOCIOLOGY
45.1101	SOCIOLOGY
45.9999	INTERDEPARTMENTAL MAJOR
50.0301	DANCE
50.0501	THEATRE ARTS
50.0501	THEATRE STUDIES
50.0502	DESIGN COMMUNICATION
50.0601	Film Studies
50.0702	Fine Arts
50.0703	History of Art
50.0712	TEXTILES AND APPAREL

50.0712	DESIGN & ENVIRONMENTAL AN
50.0712	Textiles & Apparel
50.0712	TEXTILES & APPAREL
50.0901	Music
51.1102	Design & Environmental Analysi
52.0904	Hotel & Restaurant Administrat
52.0905	FOOD INDUSTRY MANAGEMENT
52.1002	Industrial & Labor Relations
54.0101	History

CIP codes (Classification of Instructional Programs) are used by National Center for Educational statistics http://nces.ed.gov/pubs2002/cip2000/